

## SOLUTION BRIEF Telecommunications Server Performance

# Increase NFVi Performance and Flexibility



# **Offload processing from software to hardware to create efficiency with** HCL and Intel's Open vSwitch acceleration solution



# What Is the Intel FPGA PAC N3000?

The Intel Field-Programmable Gate Array Programmable Acceleration Card (Intel FPGA PAC) N3000 is a PAC that has the right memory mixture for network functions. It features an integrated network interface card (NIC) in a small form factor, and it enables high throughput, low latency, and low powerper-bit performance for custom networking pipelines. To help protect systems from FPGAhosted security exploits, the Intel FPGA PAC N3000 features a rootof-trust device that enables more secure loading of authorized workloads and board updates, and that enforces policies to help prevent unauthorized access to critical board interfaces and flash memory.

## **Eliminating the Performance Bottleneck**

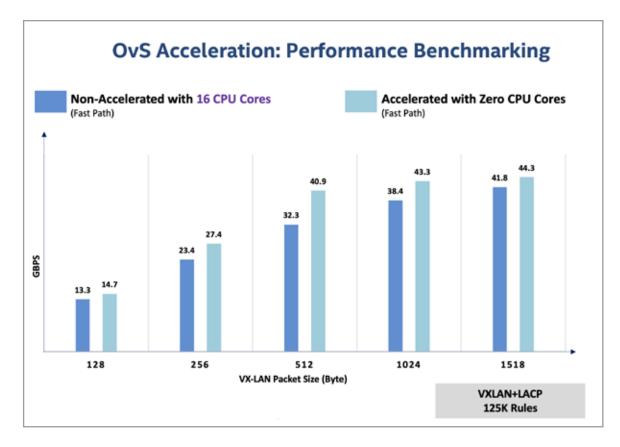
In order to survive in a wildly competitive and ever-evolving industry, communications service providers (CoSPs) need to achieve the best performance possible, overcoming the bottlenecks that slow down their servers. With consistently growing numbers of subscribers, competitors, and advances in technology, the need for a CoSP to differentiate itself grows concurrently. The need for power efficiency is ever-present, as is the pressure to manage total cost of ownership (TCO) with cost-effective solutions. Intel and HCL had these challenges in mind when they collaborated on a joint solution that features Intel<sup>®</sup> hardware and HCL software.

Using the Intel® Field-Programmable Gate Array Programmable Acceleration Card (Intel FPGA PAC) N3000, HCL has created a solution that can dramatically increase performance and preserve flexibility for network functions virtualization infrastructure (NFVi) routing and switching. Open vSwitch (OvS) is a productionquality, multilayer virtual switch that can also implement a software-defined networking (SDN)-based approach that is crucial to creating a closed-loop, fully automated solution in NFVi. With aggressive software optimization to offload NFVi forwarding functionalities to the Intel FPGA PAC N3000, Intel and HCL have created a system that can provide the Intel FPGA-based solution supported by selected NFVi suppliers.

OvS can either forward packets through a kernel-based datapath or by using the Linux Data Plane Development Kit (DPDK). However, the kernel-based approach is not ideal for environments in which a high packet processing rate for short packets is required. OvS with DPDK (OvS-DPDK) enhances performance by using a fast path in user space through DPDK input/output (I/O) libraries (see Figure 1).

Several options are currently available that can help improve OvS performance by offloading partial or full processing to hardware. For example, with the OvS acceleration solution, the OvS data plane is fully offloaded to the Intel FPGA PAC N3000. Virtual datapath acceleration (vDPA) or passthrough allows virtual machines (VMs) to use standard virtio-net drivers (vendor independent 0.95 and 1.0) while the VMs are still directly connected to hardware. Speeding up firstpacket learning is crucial for NFVi to achieve telecommunications (telco)-grade performance while still optimizing TCO.

In OvS, two major components deal with packet forwarding: ovs-vswitchd and the datapath cache. The ovs-vswitchd component is a user-space daemon that can instruct the datapath component on how to forward a received packet. When a packet does not match any rule in the datapath, the packet is delivered to ovs-vswitchd, which then installs a specific rule into the hardware datapath cache

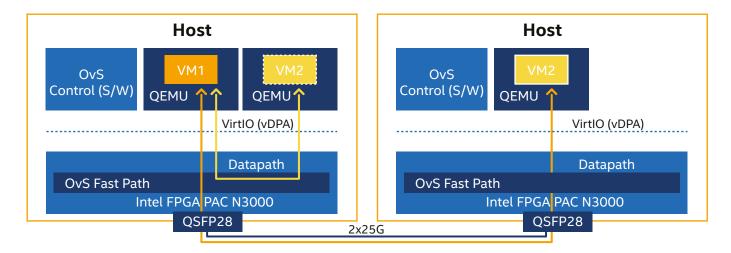


#### Figure 1. The OvS acceleration solution Data Plane Development Kit (DPDK) architecture overview

to handle subsequent packets (this is called the "learning phase"). Two options are possible when it comes to the datapath cache: it can be either kernel-based (using FPGA configuration status registers [CSRs] or in-band packets) or DPDK-based through in-band; HCL's OvS acceleration solution fully supports both options.

#### Scale-in/Scale-out Using Live Migration

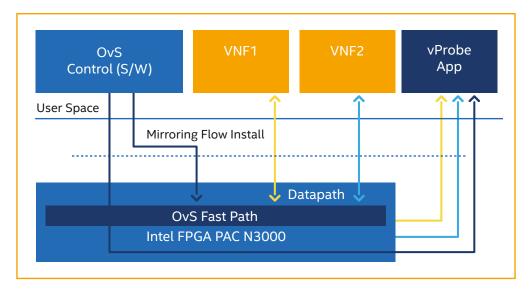
The ability to migrate workloads in real time is one of the key differentiators between network functions virtualization (NFV) environments and legacy ones. The OvS acceleration solution achieves this ability by implementing a specific QEMU API enabled by DPDK, which can track VM content from the hardware accelerator.



#### Figure 2. Datapath after migration

### Service Assurance with Port Mirroring

Strong service assurance is critical in a transformation to a software-defined and increasingly virtualized network environment. It is vital to monitor service-level parameters and identify any malfunctions that could lead to service disruption in real time, so that orchestrators can act quickly to re-establish functionalities. In a virtualized environment, these activities are even more challenging as a result of the disaggregation of hardware and software and the ability to deploy services dynamically.



#### Figure 3. Flow mirroring to vProbe

### **Key Features and Roadmap**

The OvS acceleration solution by HCL, enabled by the Intel FPGA PAC N3000, currently supports the features and functionality shown in Table 1, with additional features on the horizon.

Table 1. HCL's OvS acceleration solution feature roadmap

	Design features	Enhanced OvS features (proposed)-Phase 1		Advanced features (proposed)-Phase 2
Host IF	<ul> <li>VirtIO 1.0 (0.95 with vDPA)</li> <li>Multiple Qs/virtual function (VF)</li> <li>Live migration</li> <li>Virtio-net PF</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>9K jumbo frames (burst memory + CCB)</li> </ul>
Network	<ul> <li>OvS: Virtual Extensible LAN (VXLAN)/TEP without Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)</li> <li>OvS: VXLAN/TEP with LACP</li> <li>Checksum offload</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IPv4 tunneling support</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>L2VPN/L3VPN</li> <li>MPLSoUDP/GRE</li> <li>IPv6 tunneling support</li> <li>Virtual LAN (VLAN) port support</li> </ul>	
Management	<ul> <li>OvS v2.9.2 kernel MBO-based logic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Flow update rate-500K</li> <li>VXLAN routing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DPDK in-band/kernel custom MBO in-band specific control path</li> <li>Flow table update- DPDK-based 500K frames per second (fps)</li> </ul>	• Flow update rate-1M
Pipeline Improvement	<ul> <li>Rate limiting per VF</li> <li>Queue scheduling</li> </ul>	Service assurance     with port mirroring		<ul> <li>Bi-directional quality of service (QoS)</li> <li>Megaflow offload</li> <li>CT security group</li> <li>Hardware multicast support</li> </ul>

### **Groundbreaking Performance for the Next Generation**

Intel and HCL have addressed the NFVi industry challenge of power efficiency and performance with the hardware-offloaded OvS acceleration solution using the Intel FPGA PAC N3000. By using generic or standard interfaces, there is no need to configure specific modifications to run telco functions. With a dynamic and often increasing number of users to accommodate, the ability to scale-in and scale-out is crucial for live migration. With the Intel FPGA PAC N3000 card, customers can now offload processing from software to hardware, saving CPU cores and creating valuable efficiency while reducing total cost of ownership.

To learn more about the Intel FPGA PAC N3000, visit: intel.com/pacn3000

To learn more about NFV acceleration solutions, visit: intel.com/content/www/us/en/wireline/products/programmable/ applications/nfv.html

To learn more about HCL, visit: hcltech.com/

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